(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:05:57 ON 23 NOV 1998)

INDEX 'ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, EMBAL, ...' ENTERED AT 17:06:30 ON 23 NOV 1998

E CHU H/IN SEA E3-E12

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0* FILE ADISALERTS
0* FILE ADISINSIGHT
0* FILE AGRICOLA
0* FILE AIDSLINE
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- 0* FILE ANABSTR
- 0* FILE AQUASCI
- 0* FILE BIOBUSINESS
- 0* FILE BIOSIS
- 5 FILE BIOTECHABS
- 5 FILE BIOTECHDS
- 0* FILE CANCERLIT
- 1 FILE CAPLUS
- 0* FILE CEABA
- O* FILE CEN
- 0* FILE CIN
- 0* FILE CONFSCI
- 7 FILE DDFB
- 0* FILE DDFU
- 42 FILE DGENE
- 7 FILE DRUGB
- 0* FILE DRUGLAUNCH
- 0* FILE DRUGMONOG2
- 0* FILE DRUGNL
- 0* FILE DRUGU
- 0* FILE EMBAL
- 0* FILE EMBASE
- 1 FILE FSTA
- 0* FILE GENBANK
- O* FILE HEALSAFE
- 0* FILE KOSMET
- 0* FILE LIFESCI
- 0* FILE MEDLINE
- 0* FILE NIOSHTIC
- 0* FILE NTIS 0* FILE OCEAN
- O" FILE OCEA
- 0* FILE PHAR
- 0* FILE PHIC
- 0* FILE PHIN
- 0* FILE PROMT
- 0* FILE SCISEARCH
- 0* FILE TOXLINE
- 0* FILE TOXLIT
- 67 FILE WPIDS
- 67 FILE WPINDEX
- 5 FILE APIPAT
- 60 FILE DPCI

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FIL
          UROPATFULL
7
         NPADOC
3
    FIL.
    FILE PATDPA
1
    FILE PATOSDE
1
    FILE PATOSEP
38
    FILE PATOSWO
23
    FILE PIRA
2
    FILE RAPRA
6
    FILE TULSA
3
   FILE TULSA2
3
 QUE ("CHU H"/IN OR "CHU H C"/IN OR "CHU H D"/IN OR "CHU H
 SEA L1 AND STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI
 O* FILE ADISALERTS
 O* FILE ADISINSIGHT
 0* FILE AGRICOLA
 0* FILE AIDSLINE
 O* FILE ANABSTR
 0* FILE AQUASCI
 0* FILE BIOBUSINESS
 O* FILE BIOSIS
 O* FILE CANCERLIT
 O* FILE CEABA
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 0* FILE CONFSCI
 O* FILE DDFU
 O* FILE DRUGLAUNCH
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 O* FILE NIOSHTIC
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 O* FILE OCEAN
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 0* FILE PROMT
 0* FILE SCISEARCH
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L2 QUE L1 AND STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

0* FILE TOXLINE
0* FILE TOXLIT

L1

- => s attenuatedstreptococcus equi
 <-----User Break----->
 u
 => s attenuated streptococcus equi
 - 25 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 1 FILE IFIPAT
 - 40 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 1 FILE USPATFULL
 - 1 FILE EUROPATFULL
 - 53 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 3 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 65 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX
- L1 QUE ATTENUATED STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

L1

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:49:38 ON 23 NOV 1998)

INDEX 'ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, EMBAL, ...' ENTERED AT 15:49:52 ON 23 NOV 1998

SEA STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

116 FILE AGRICOLA

SEA ATTENUATEDSTREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

SEA ATTENUATED STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

1 FILE IFIPAT

1 FILE USPATFULL

1 FILE EUROPATFULL

QUE ATTENUATED STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

SEA STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

116 FILE AGRICOLA

1 FILE AIDSLINE

1 FILE AQUASCI

12 FILE BIOBUSINESS

184 FILE BIOSIS

56 FILE BIOTECHABS

56 FILE BIOTECHDS

276 FILE CABA

2 FILE CANCERLIT

110 FILE CAPLUS

4 FILE CEABA

1 FILE CIN

3 FILE CONFSCI

10 FILE DGENE

1 FILE DRUGU

90 FILE EMBASE

36 FILE GENBANK

18 FILE IFIPAT

18 FILE JICST-EPLUS

71 FILE LIFESCI

133 FILE MEDLINE

1 FILE PHAR

14 FILE PHIN

1 FILE PROMT

100 FILE SCISEARCH

10 FILE TOXLINE

17 FILE TOXLIT

54 FILE USPATFULL

36 FILE WPIDS

36 FILE WPINDEX 14 FILE DPCI

8 FILE EUROPATFULL

49 FILE INPADOC

16 FILE JAPIO

4 FILE PATDPA

L2

FILE 'CABA, BIOSIS, MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, CAPLUS, SCISEARCH, EMBASE,

LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, USPATFULL, INPADOC, GENBANK, WPIDS, IFIPAT, JICST-EPLUS, TOXLIT, JAPIO, PHIN, DPCI, BIOBUSINESS, DGENE, TOXLINE, EUROPATFULL, PATOSEP, CEABA, PATDPA, CONFSCI, CANCERLIT,

...' ENTERED AT 15:54:43 ON 23 NOV 1998

L3 1476 S STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI
L4 828 DUP REM L3 (648 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L5 2 S L4(10A)ATTENUATED
L6 0 S L5 AND ADJUVANT
L7 0 S L5 AND SAPONIN

L8 128 S L4 AND VACCINE
L9 2 S 8L AND SAPONIN
L10 2 S L8 AND SAPONIN

=> log y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

Pat. No, 4,944,942

The . . . methyl salicylate the preferred range is between 1 and 4 weight percent. Finally, the formulation may contain a recognized vaccine adjuvant such as aluminum hydroxide gel or those taught in U.S. Pat. No. 3,919,411, preferably at levels between about 5 and . . . for the former type and levels between about 5 and 20% being preferred for the latter type. An especially preferred adjuvant is based on the polyacrylic acid cross linked with polyallyl sucrose sold as Carbopol 934P combined with polyoxyethylene sorbitan mono-oleate. . .

> d his

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(FILE 'USPAT' ENTERED AT 15:46:11 ON 23 NOV 1998)
                     54 S STREPTOCOCCUS EQU
L1
                       1 S L1 AND SAPONIN
L2
                     23 S L1 AND VACCINE
L3
                       0 S ATTENUATED STREETS COU SEQUI
1 S ATTENUATED STREETS COUS EQUI
L4
L5
                       O S L5 AND ADJUVANT.
L6
L7
                       O S L5 AND INERFERON
                       1 S L5
L8
                       O S L5 AND SAPONIN
L9
=> s 18
               31405 ATTENUATED
                6273 STREPTOCOCCUS
                8108 EQUI
                     1 ATTENUATED STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI
L10
                             (ATTENUATED (W) STREET TOCOCCUS (W) EQUI)
=> d 1 kwic
                                                                                          L10: 1 of 1
                      4,788,059 [IMAGE WAT RLE]
US PAT NO:
SUMMARY:
BSUM(10)
It . . . invention to provide . . hod of immunizing equines against virulent strains of Streptococcus . . by inoculating the equine with an attenuated Streptococcus equi com is
CLAIMS:
CLMS(1)
 I . . .
A vaccine effective in protection was against infection by virulent strains of Streptococcus equion and attenuated Streptococcus equion and attenuated Streptococcus equion and attenuated streptococcus equion and are rendered avirulent while retaining its antigenicity through prolonged culturing in the presence of agriflating budgeship is
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presence of acriflavine hydrochlesia.

<---->

d his

L5

L6

	(FILE	'USPA	T'	ENTERED AT 16:19:37 ON 23 NOV 1998)	
L1		0	s	STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI AND AVIREULENT	
ե2		10	s	STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI AND AVIRULENT	
L3		3	s	L2 AND ADJUVANT	
L4		0	s	TREPTOCOCCUS EQUI	

54 S STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI

10 S L5 AND ADJUVANT

18/11

```
ANSWER 14 OF 48 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 1999 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
ΑN
      1987-04225 BIOTECHDS
      Vaccine for protection against Streptococcus
ΤI
    equi;
         containing avirulent mutant obtained from parent strain by
         mutagenesis
      Cornell-Res.Found.
PΑ
PΙ
      WO 8700436 29 Jan 1987
      WO 1986-US1460 14 Jul 1986
ΑI
PRAI US 1985-754613 12 Jul 1985
      Patent
DΤ
      English
LA
os
      WPI: 1987-037174 [05]
AB
      A vaccine for protecting horses against Streptococcus
    equi (causing the disease strangles) comprises an
    avirulent strain of S. equi which stimulates
      an antibody response in the nasopharyngeal mucosa. The new strain is
made
      by mutation of a virulent strain and retains a protein providing an
      M-protein fragment of mol.wt. 41,000. This fragment stimulates
formation
      of IgG and IgA antibodies similar to those found in animals which have
      recovered from infection with virulent S. equi. The
    avirulent strain is non-encapsulated, and is especially S
      . equi 709-27 (ATCC 53186). The vaccine may be given
      intranasally or orally. 709-27 is developed from the highly virulent
      strain CF32 (ATCC 53185) by nitrosoguanidine mutagenesis followed by
      screening for loss of virulence and for ability to protect mice. The
    vaccine provides efficient protection without any side-effects in
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Jana 19

US6004802

- L3 ANSWER 16 OF 48 CABA COPYRIGHT 1999 CABI
- AN 86:39843 CABA
- DN 862276553
- TI The protective response of the horse to an avirulent strain of Streptococcus equi
- AU Timoney, J. F.; Galan, J. E.; Y. Kimura [EDITOR]; others [EDITOR]
- CS Coll. Vet. Med., Cornell Univ., Ithaca, NY 14853, USA.
- Recent advances in streptococci and streptococcal diseases, (1985) pp. 294-295. Proceedings of the IXth Lancefield International Symposium on Streptococci and Streptococcal Diseases, Japan, September 1984. 7 ref. Publisher: Reedbooks Ltd. Chertsey
- CY United Kingdom
- DT Conference Article
- LA English
- AB Avirulent strain 709-27 of S. equi, developed as a live vaccine for nasal immunization against strangles, led to the production of IgA and IgG antibodies in the nasal mucosa, directed against a protein of 41 000 molecular weight.

Serum

antibod

ANSWER 6 OF 48 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 1999 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD L3 AN 1999-09279 BIOTECHDS ΤI A Streptococcus equi vaccine; live attenuated Streptococcus equi vaccine, produced from S. equi culture, used to vaccinate against strangles in horses Akzo-Nobel PA Arnheim, The Netherlands. LO JP 11100329 13 Apr 1999 PΙ JP 1998-210514 27 Jul 1998 ΑI EP 1997-202925 24 Sep 1997; EP 1997-202365 29 Jul 1997 PRAI DTPatent LA Japanese WPI: 1999-296484 [25] OS AΒ A live, attenuated Streptococcus equi bacterium, especially S. equi TW928 (CBS813.95), used for the production of an optionally lyophilized vaccine, is claimed. The vaccine is used to prevent S. equi infection, following systemic administration, particularly by i.m. or s.m., particularly lip s.m. administration. vaccine may optionally also include an adjuvant, an antigen, or another attenuated pathogen. The pathogen is preferably a Potomac fever agent, Rhodococcus equi, Clostridium tetani, Mycobacterium pseudomallei, Streptococcus zooepidemicus, vesicular stomatitis virus, Borna virus, horse influenza virus, African horse sickness virus, horse arteritis virus, equid herpes virus 1-4, infectious anemia virus, horse encephalomyelitis virus, or Japanese type-B encephalitis virus. S. equi TW928 is attenuated by conventional techniques, and kept in a refrigerator, or a buffer containing glycerin at -70 deg. In an example, horse with no history of strangles were inoculated with the vaccine. Symptoms resulting from subsequent challenge with S. equi resulted in 98% decreased symptoms. (7pp)

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L3 ANSWER 3 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS AN 1995:484962 BIOSIS
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DN DDEW100500400060

DN PREV199598499262

TI An assessment of mucosal immunisation in protection against **Streptococcus equi** ('Strangles') infections in horses.

AU Wallace, Fiona J. (1); Emery, Julie D.; Cripps, Allan W.; Husband, Alan J.

CS (1) Dep. Pathol., Univ. Newcastle, Level 4, David Maddison Build., Royal Newcastle Hosp., Newcastle, N.S.W. 2300 Australia

SO Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology, (1995) Vol. 48, No. 1-2, pp. 139-154.
ISSN: 0165-2427.

DT Article

LA English

AB The ability of mucosally administered antigen to provide protection against Streptococcus equi ('Strangles') infections in horses was examined. First, an enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) was developed to detect the immune status of horses to S. equi. This assay was used to select Strangles-naive horses for the study and also to monitor their response to immunisation. Potential vaccine candidates were: (a) orally administered paraformaldehyde killed S. equi; (b) intraperitoneally (IP) administered paraformaldehyde killed S. equi in a non-inflammatory adjuvant; (c) orally administered live avirulent S. equi; (d) orally administered microencapsulated streptococcal M protein. The latter three preparations were first assessed in a rat model, using rate of lung bacterial

clearance

an

following intratracheal inoculation of **live** virulent bacteria as an indication of efficacy. Candidates (a) and (b) were then assessed in

equine model. IP immunisation of horses was shown to effectively induce production of specific antibody in mucosal and systemic sites. Four weeks after initial immunisation, horses were challenged intranasally with live virulent S. equi. Both groups of immunised horses demonstrated partial protection following vaccination. Of the IP immunised horses, only two out of four developed clinical signs of Strangles following live challenge. The orally immunised horses all developed submandibular abscesses containing S. equi. However, none of the immunised horses became as ill as the control horses in terms of fever, anorexia, loss of

- L3 ANSWER 25 OF 48 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 1999 CSA
- AN 1999:66133 LIFESCI
- TI Streptococcus equi vaccine
- AU Hartford, O.A.; Foster, T.A.; Jacobs, A.R.H.
- CS Provost Fellows & Scholars of the College of the Univ. of the Holy
- SO (19990420) . US Patent 5895654; US CLASS: 424/237.1..
- DT Patent
- FS W2
- LA English
- SL English
- AB The present invention relates to a live attenuated strain of the bacterium Streptococcus equi, a pathogen causing strangles in horses. The invention also relates to a vaccine against strangles, methods for the preparation of such a vaccine and to the use of the strain for the preparation of such a v

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ANSWER 24 OF 48 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 1999 IFI
L3
AN
      2330060 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
ΤI
      PROTECTION OF EQUINES AGAINST STREPTOCOCCUS EQUI;
      BACTERIAL VACCINE; ADMINISTERING INTRANASALLY OR ORALLY TO
      Timoney, John F, Lansing, NY
      Timoney John F
IN
      Cornell Research Foundation, Inc, Ithaca, NY
PAF
      Cornell Research Foundation Inc (20656)
EXNAM Brown, Johnnie R
EXNAM Mohamed, Abdel A
      Barnard, Ralph R
AG
                         19930202
PΙ
      US 5183659
      US 1988-207320
                        19880615
ΑI
XPD
      2 Feb 2010
      US 1985-754613
                         19850712 CONTINUATION
                                                         ABANDONED
RLI
FI
      US 5183659
                         19930202
DT
      UTILITY
FS
      CHEMICAL
CLMN 10
      4 Drawing Sheet(s), 3 Figure(s).
GΙ
      A new bacterial vaccine to protect susceptible equine against
AΒ
    S. equi which causes strangles. The vaccine
      stimulates a nasopharyngeal immune response in a susceptible equine
      through the presence of antibody activity in the nasopharyngeal mucus.
      The vaccine is a S. equi strain which
      contains an M protein fragment of 41,000 mw and is adapted for
      administration to equine either intranasally or orally as a
    vaccine. There is described a new strain of S.
    equi (709-27), a method of making and isolating useful
    vaccine strain of S. equi bacteria which
      stimulates an antibody response in the nasopharyngeal mucosa of the
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Die Bogicales.

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 48 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 1999 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD ΑN 1989-02559 BIOTECHDS ΤI Horse strangles vaccine; preparation by attenuating Streptococcus equi by culture in the presence of acriflavine hydrochloride PA Coopers-Anim. Health PΙ US 4788059 29 Nov 1988 US 1985-754909 15 Jul 1985 ΑI PRAI US 1985-754909 15 Jul 1985 Patent DTEnglish LA OS WPI: 1988-360693 [50] AΒ A vaccine effective in protecting horses against infection by virulent strains of Streptococcus equi is new. S. equi is attenuated by prolonged (11 wk) culture in the presence of acriflavine hydrochloride. The culture medium may be Todd-Hewitt broth which preferably contains progressively increasing concentrations of acriflavine hydrochloride (2 ppm-16 ppm). Also new is a method of immunizing horses against virulent strains of S. equi which comprises inoculating the horses with attenuated S. equi, prepared using the new

5,183659

TOADOOD Je Chi

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L3 ANSWER 30 OF 48 TOXLIT AN 1987:44829 TOXLIT
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DN CA-106-162558X

TI Vaccine for the protection of equines against streptococcus equi.

AU Timoney JF

SO (1987). PCT Int. Appl. PATENT NO. 87 00436 01/29/87 (Cornell Research Foundation, Inc.).

CY United States

DT Patent

FS CA

LA English

OS CA 106:162558

EM 198706

AB S. equi 709-27, An equine human strain which contains an M protein fragment of mol. wt. 41,000, is used in a live vaccine to protect equines from strangles caused by S. equi. S. equi CF32 was subjected to nitrosoguanidine mutagenesis and nonencapsulated colonies were screened for loss of virulence in mice, for protection of horses, and by immunoblotting for formation of the 41,000-dalton fragment of M protein. IgA and IgG antibodies in the nasopharyngeal mucus of vaccinated ponies were directed mainly against this M protein fragment, whereas serum

3

an